

Physics II SI units standard units  
of measurement

length = meters, "m" (lower case)  
time = seconds, "s"  
mass = grams, "g" but, for calculation  
we use kilograms, "kg"

} base units

current = Amperes "A"

Amount of substance = mole "mol"

Temperature = Kelvin "K" (uppercase)

luminous intensity = candela "cd"

Prefixes pg 17 T/B

Kilo	"k"	$\times 10^3$
milli	"m"	$10^{-3}$
centi	"c"	$10^{-2}$
micro	" $\mu$ " (mu)	$10^{-6}$
nano	"n"	$10^{-9}$

Later on we'll do Unit conversions

Manipulating equations

if you are given  $y = mx + \boxed{b}$

Isolate, or solve for b

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} y = mx + b \\ -mx \quad -mx \end{array} \right\} b = y - mx$$

Solve for a if you are given

$$a t = \frac{d}{t} \times t \Rightarrow a \cdot \frac{t}{t} = \frac{d}{t}$$

A)

A)

$$a = \left| \frac{d}{t} \right|$$

Solve  $c^2 \Rightarrow$

$$V_T = \frac{V_1 + V_2}{1 + \frac{V_1 V_2}{c^2}}$$

$$u = \frac{v + u'}{1 + \frac{vu'}{c^2}}$$

solve for  $c^2$

$$= \frac{\frac{v+u'}{1}}{\frac{\frac{c^2}{c^2} + \frac{vu'}{c^2}}{c^2}} = \frac{\frac{v+u'}{1}}{\frac{c^2 + vu'}{c^2}} = \frac{(v+u')}{1} \cdot \frac{c^2}{c^2 + vu'}$$

$$(c^2 + vu')u = \frac{c^2(v+u')}{c^2 + vu'} \cdot (c^2 + vu')$$

$$c^2 u + vu u' = c^2 v + c^2 u'$$

$$vu u' = c^2 v + c^2 u' - c^2 u$$

$$\frac{vu u'}{v + u' - u} = \boxed{c^2} \frac{(v + u' - u)}{v + u' - u}$$

Solve for  $a$  if you are given

$$v = \sqrt{2as}$$

$$(v)^2 = (\sqrt{2as})^2$$

$$\frac{v^2}{2s} = 2as / 2s$$

$$a = \frac{v^2}{2s}$$

~~Handwritten scribbles~~

$$v = v_0 + at$$

$$-v_0 - v_0$$

solve for  $t$

$$\frac{v - v_0}{a} = \frac{v - v_0}{a}$$

Unit Conversions look @ table 2-1 pg 17 of TIB

$$2x \quad \underbrace{565,900}_{4 \text{ sig figs}} \times \left[ \frac{1 \text{ hr}}{3600} \right] = 157.944 \text{ hr} \quad \underline{\text{days}}$$

↑  
unit conversion

$$157.944 \text{ hr} \left[ \frac{1 \text{ day}}{24 \text{ hr}} \right] = \underbrace{6.5497}_{\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow} \text{ days}$$

$$= 6.550 \text{ days}$$

17 years into minutes

$$17 \text{ yr} \left[ \frac{365 \text{ d}}{1 \text{ yr}} \right] \left[ \frac{24 \text{ hrs}}{1 \text{ day}} \right] \left[ \frac{60 \text{ min}}{1 \text{ hr}} \right] = 8935200$$

$$= \boxed{8,900,000 \text{ min}}$$

Recall prefixes and base units

kilo -  $10^3$

kilo gram  $10^3$  gram

1 kilogram =  $1 \times 10^3$  grams

2 Tera meters =  $2 \times 10^{12}$  meters

$4.0 \times 10^3 \mu\text{m}$  =  $4.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}$

Convert  $4.0 \times 10^3 \mu\text{m}$  into km

$$1 \mu\text{m} = 10^{-6} \text{ m}$$

$$1 \text{ km} = 10^3 \text{ m}$$

$$4.0 \times 10^3 \mu\text{m} \times \left[ \frac{10^{-6} \text{ m}}{1 \mu\text{m}} \right] \left[ \frac{1 \text{ km}}{10^3 \text{ m}} \right] = 4 \times 10^{-6} \text{ km}$$

$$\frac{1 \mu\text{m}}{10^3 \mu\text{m}} = 10^{-3}$$

$3.8 \times 10^4 \text{ Mg}$  into nano

$$3.8 \times 10^4 \times \frac{10^6 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ Mg}} \times \frac{1 \text{ ng}}{10^{-9} \text{ g}} =$$

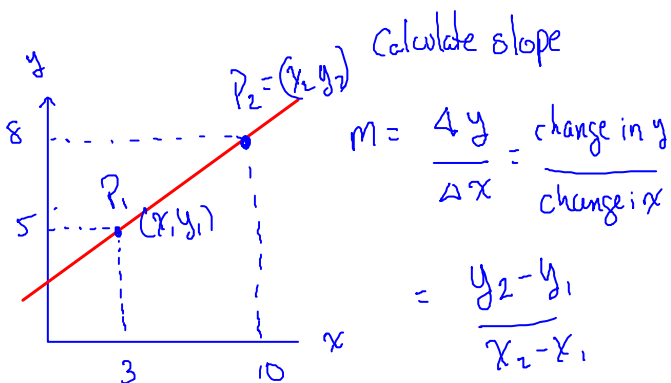
$50 \text{ km/hr}$  into  $\boxed{\text{m/s}}$

$$\frac{50 \text{ km}}{\text{hr}} \cdot \frac{10^3 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ km}} \times \frac{1 \text{ hr}}{3600 \text{ s}}$$

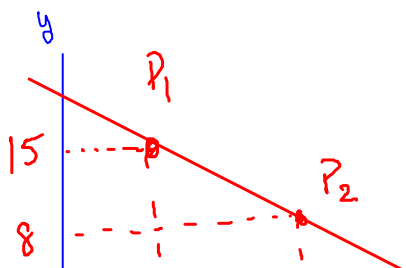
## Ph 11 The metric System WS-100

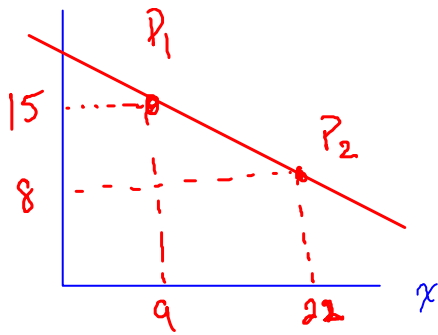
Try  $\left. \begin{array}{l} 2ace \\ 3ace \\ 5ace \end{array} \right\} 15 \text{ min}$

## Calculating slopes of graphs

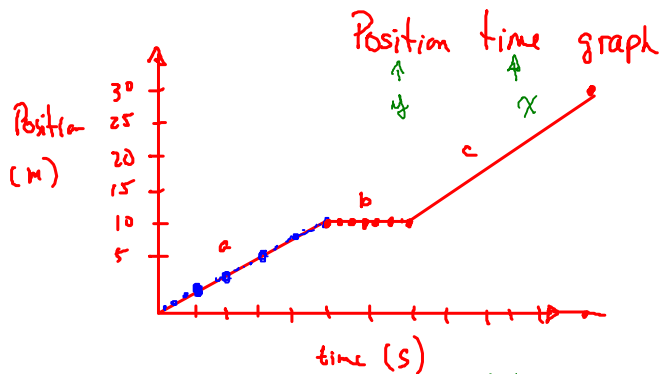


Does Not matter which point is  $1 \text{ or } 2$

$$m = \frac{8 - 5}{10 - 3} = \frac{3}{7}$$




$$m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{8 - 15}{22 - 9} = \frac{-7}{13}$$



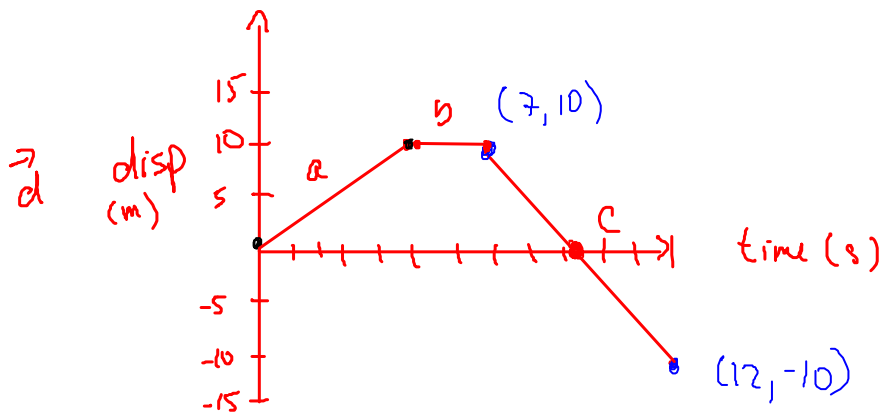
~~Rate~~ (walked 10m in 5s, rested for 2s,  
ran 20m in 5s)

calc slope @ "a"  $m = \frac{2m}{s} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{10m - 0m}{5s - 0s} = \frac{10m}{5s} = 2 \frac{m}{s}$

"b"  $m = 0 \frac{m}{s}$

"c"  $m = \frac{4m}{s} = \frac{30m - 10m}{12s - 7s} = \frac{20m}{5s} = 4 \frac{m}{s}$

If no direction is given, you  
calculated speed  $\rightarrow$  slope of a distance  
time graph is speed



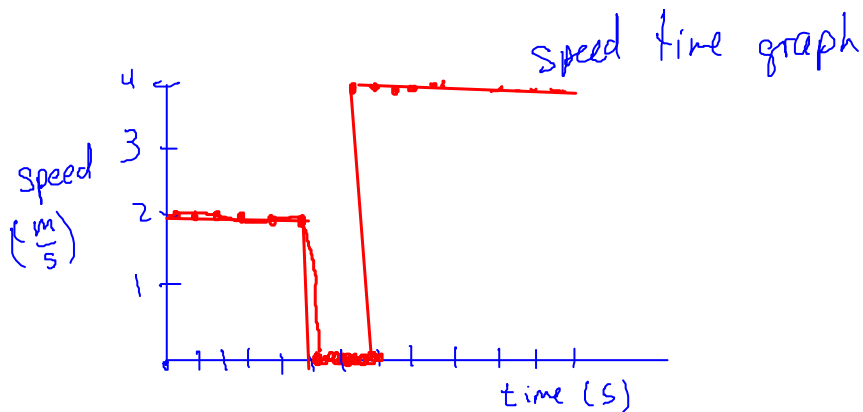
$$= -\frac{4m}{s}$$

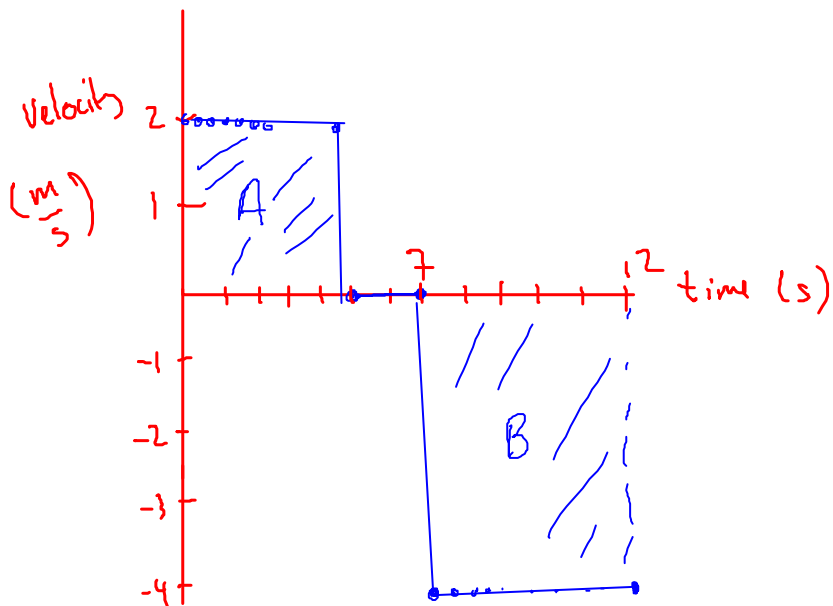
I walked 10 m East in 5 s, stopped for 2 s  
ran 20 m West in 5 s

calc slope  $a = 2 \text{ m/s}$   
 $b = 0 \text{ m/s}$   
 $c = -4 \text{ m/s}$

Since we have direction, this is velocity

dist } scalars  
 speed }  
 disp } vectors  
 velocity }





$$\begin{aligned} \text{Calc The Area } A &= \frac{2\text{m}}{\text{s}} \cdot \frac{5\text{s}}{1} \\ &= 2 \cdot 5 \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\cancel{\text{s}}} \cdot \frac{\cancel{\text{s}}}{1} = +10\text{m} \text{ E} \end{aligned}$$

$$B = -\frac{4\text{m}}{\text{s}} \cdot 5\text{s} = -20\text{m}$$

$$\text{Net disp} = -10\text{m} \text{ or } 10\text{m W}$$

Area under  $\vec{v}-t$  graph = disp

$$\text{disp} = \vec{v} \cdot t$$

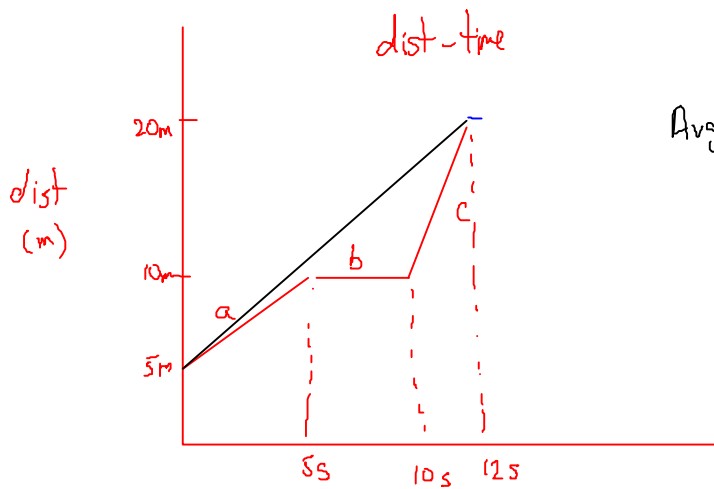
$$d = \vec{v}t$$

slope of v-t graph is "a"

w/B pg 27 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, (12 here)

Ans. Next class

sol<sup>n</sup> will be online by Friday night.



$$\text{Avg speed} = \frac{\Delta \text{dist}}{\Delta \text{time}}$$

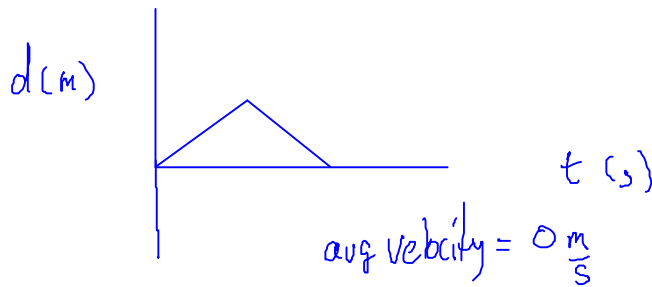
$$= \frac{d_f - d_i}{t_f - t_i}$$

$$= \frac{20\text{m} - 5\text{m}}{12.5} = 1.25 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

calc speed for "c"

$$M = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{20\text{m} - 10\text{m}}{12.5 - 10\text{s}} = \frac{10\text{m}}{2.5}$$

$$\text{avg speed} = \frac{d_f - d_i}{t_f - t_i} = \frac{\Delta \text{dist}}{\Delta t} = \frac{20\text{m} - 5\text{m}}{12.5} = 1.25 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$



$$\text{Avg velocity} = \frac{\text{Total disp}}{\text{total time}}$$